

CLAIMS

1. A compound comprising

(a) at least one neutral, positive, or negative increased binding energy hydrogen species having a binding energy

(i) greater than the binding energy of the corresponding ordinary hydrogen species, or

(ii) greater than the binding energy of any hydrogen species for which the corresponding ordinary hydrogen species is unstable or is not observed because the ordinary hydrogen species' binding energy is less than thermal energies at ambient conditions, or is negative; and

(b) at least one other element.

2. A compound of claim 1 wherein the increased binding energy hydrogen species is selected from the group consisting of H_n , H_n^- , and H_n^+ where n is a positive integer, with the proviso that n is greater than 1 when H has a positive charge.

3. A compound of claim 1 wherein the increased binding energy hydrogen species is selected from the group consisting of (a) hydride ion having a binding energy that is greater than the binding of ordinary hydride ion (about 0.8 eV) for $p=2$ up to 23 in which the binding energy is represented by

$$\text{Binding Energy} = \frac{\hbar^2 \sqrt{s(s+1)}}{8\mu_e a_0^2 \left[\frac{1 + \sqrt{s(s+1)}}{p} \right]^2} - \frac{\pi \mu_0 e^2 \hbar^2}{m_e^2 a_0^3} \left(1 + \frac{2^2}{\left[\frac{1 + \sqrt{s(s+1)}}{p} \right]^3} \right)$$

where p is an integer greater than one, $s=1/2$, π is pi, \hbar is Planck's constant bar, μ_0 is the permeability of vacuum, m_e is the mass of the electron, μ_e is the reduced electron mass, a_0 is the Bohr radius, and e is the elementary charge; (b) hydrogen atom having a binding energy greater than about 13.6 eV; (c) hydrogen molecule having a first binding energy greater than about 15.5 eV; and (d) molecular hydrogen ion having a binding energy greater than about 16.4 eV.

4. A compound of claim 3 wherein the increased binding energy hydrogen species is a hydride ion having a binding energy of about 3.0, 6.6, 11.2, 16.7, 22.8, 29.3, 36.1, 42.8, 49.4, 55.5, 61.0, 65.6, 69.2, 71.5, 72.4, 715, 68.8, 64.0, 56.8, 47.1, 34.6, 19.2, or 0.65 eV.

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5. A compound of claim 4 wherein the increased binding energy hydrogen species is a hydride ion having the binding energy:

$$\text{Binding Energy} = \frac{\hbar^2 \sqrt{s(s+1)}}{8\mu_e a_0^2 \left[\frac{1 + \sqrt{s(s+1)}}{p} \right]^2} - \frac{\pi \mu_0 e^2 \hbar^2}{m_e^2 a_0^3} \left(1 + \frac{2^2}{\left[\frac{1 + \sqrt{s(s+1)}}{p} \right]^3} \right)$$

10 where p is an integer greater than one, $s=1/2$, π is pi, \hbar is Planck's constant bar, μ_0 is the permeability of vacuum, m_e is the mass of the electron, μ_e is the reduced electron mass, a_0 is the Bohr radius, and e is the elementary charge.

15 6. A compound of claim 1 wherein the increased binding energy hydrogen species is selected from the group consisting of

(a) a hydrogen atom having a binding energy of about $\frac{13.6 \text{ eV}}{\left(\frac{1}{p}\right)^2}$

where p is an integer,

(b) an increased binding energy hydride ion (H^-) having a binding energy of about $\frac{\hbar^2 \sqrt{s(s+1)}}{8\mu_e a_0^2 \left[\frac{1 + \sqrt{s(s+1)}}{p} \right]^2} - \frac{\pi \mu_0 e^2 \hbar^2}{m_e^2 a_0^3} \left(1 + \frac{2^2}{\left[\frac{1 + \sqrt{s(s+1)}}{p} \right]^3} \right)$ where

20 $s=1/2$, π is pi, \hbar is Planck's constant bar, μ_0 is the permeability of vacuum, m_e is the mass of the electron, μ_e is the reduced electron mass, a_0 is the Bohr radius, and e is the elementary charge;

(c) an increased binding energy hydrogen species $H_4^+(1/p)$;

25 (d) an increased binding energy hydrogen species trihydrino molecular ion, $H_3^+(1/p)$, having a binding energy of about $\frac{22.6}{\left(\frac{1}{p}\right)^2} \text{ eV}$ where p

is an integer,

(e) an increased binding energy hydrogen molecule having a binding energy of about $\frac{15.5}{\left(\frac{1}{p}\right)^2} \text{ eV}$; and

(f) an increased binding energy hydrogen molecular ion with a binding energy of about $\frac{16.4}{\left(\frac{1}{p}\right)^2} \text{ eV}$.

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7. A compound of claim 6 wherein p is from 2 to 200.

8. A compound of claim 1 which is greater than 50 atomic percent pure.

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9. A compound of claim 8 which is greater than 90 atomic percent pure.

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10. A compound of claim 9 which is greater than 98 atomic percent pure.

11. A compound of claim 1 wherein said increased binding energy hydrogen species is negative.

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12. A compound of claim 11 comprising at least one cation.

13. A compound of claim 12 wherein the cation is a proton, H_2^+ , H_3^+ , $H_2^+\left[2c' = \frac{2a_o}{p}\right]^+$, $H_3^+(1/p)$, or $H_4^+(1/p)$.

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14. A compound of claim 1 wherein the other element is an ordinary hydrogen atom or an ordinary hydrogen molecule.

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15. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $[KH_mKCO_3]_n$ wherein m and n are each an integer, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H_m of the compound comprises at least one said increased binding energy hydrogen species.

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16. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $[KH_mKNO_3]_n^{m'+} n' X^-$ wherein m, m', n and n' are each an integer, X is a singly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H_m of the compound comprises at least one said increased binding energy hydrogen species.

17. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $[KHKNO_3]_n$ wherein n is an integer, and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one said increased binding energy hydrogen species.

18. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $[KHKOH]_n$ wherein n is an integer and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one said increased binding energy hydrogen species.

19. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $[MH_mM'X]_n$ wherein m and n are each an integer, M and M' are each an alkali or alkaline earth cation, X is a singly or doubly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H_m of the compound comprises at least one said increased binding energy hydrogen species.

20. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $[MH_mM'X']_n^{m'+} n' X^-$ wherein m, m', n, and n' are each an integer, M and M' are each an alkali or alkaline earth cation, X and X' are a singly or doubly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H_m of the compound comprises at least one said increased binding energy hydrogen species.

21. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $[MH_mM'X']_n^{m'+} n' M''^+$ wherein m, m', n, and n' are each an integer, M, M', and M'' are each an alkali or alkaline earth cation, X and X' are each a singly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H_m of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

22. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $[MH_m]_n^{m'+} n' X^-$ wherein m, m', n, and n' are each an integer, M is alkali or alkaline earth, organic, organometalic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, X is a singly or doubly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H_m of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

23. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $[MH_m]_n^{m'-} n' M^+$ wherein m, m', n, and n' are each an integer, M and M' are an alkali or alkaline earth, organic, organometalic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H_m of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

24. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M(H_{10})_n$ wherein n is an integer, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_{16})_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

25. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M(H_{10})_n$ wherein n is an integer, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_{16})_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

26. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M^+(H_{16})_n^-$ wherein n is an integer, M is other element such as an alkali, organic, organometalic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, and the hydrogen content $(H_{16})_n^-$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

27. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M^+(H_{16})_n^-$ wherein n is an integer, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_{16})_n^-$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

28. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M(H_{16})_n$ wherein n is an integer, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_{16})_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

29. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M(H_{16})_n$ wherein n is an integer, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_{16})_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

30. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M(H_{24})_n$ wherein n is an integer, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_{24})_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

31. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M(H_{24})_n$ wherein n is an integer, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_{24})_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

32. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M(H_{60})_n$ wherein n is an integer, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_{60})_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

33. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M(H_{60})_n$ wherein n is an integer, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_{60})_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

34. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M(H_{70})_n$ wherein n is an integer, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_{70})_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

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39. A compound of claim 1 having a formula MX wherein M is positive, neutral, or negative and is selected from the list of H_{16} , $H_{16}H$, $H_{16}H_2$, $H_{24}H_{23}$, OH_{22} , OH_{23} , OH_{24} , MgH_2H_{16} , NaH_3H_{16} , $H_{24}H_2O$, CNH_{16} , CH_{30} , SiH_4H_{16} , $(H_{16})_3H_{15}$,

5 $SiH_4(H_{16})_2$, $(H_{16})_4$, H_{70} , $Si_2H_6H_{16}$, $(SiH_4)_2H_{16}$, $SiH_4(H_{16})_3$, CH_{70} , NH_{69} , NH_{70} , NHH_{70} , OH_{70} , H_2OH_{70} , FH_{70} , H_3OH_{70} , SiH_2H_{60} , $Si(H_{16})_3H_{15}$, $Si(H_{16})_4$, $Si_2H_6(H_{16})_2$, $Si_2H_7(H_{16})_2$, $SiH_3(H_{16})_4$, $(SiH_4)_2(H_{16})_2$, $O_2(H_{16})_4$, $SiH_4(H_{16})_4$, NOH_{70} , O_2H_{69} , $HONH_{70}$, O_2H_{70} , H_2ONH_{70} , $H_3O_2H_{70}$, $Si_2H_6(H_{24})_2$, $Si_2H_6(H_{16})_3$, $(SiH_4)_3H_{16}$, $(SiH_4)_2(H_{16})_3$, $(OH_{23})H_{16}H_{70}$, $(OH_{24})H_{16}H_{70}$, $Si_3H_{10}(H_{16})_2$, Si_2H_{70} , $Si_3H_{11}(H_{16})_2$, $Si_2H_7(H_{16})_4$, $(SiH_4)_3(H_{16})_2$,

10 $(SiH_4)_2(H_{16})_4$, $NaOSiH_2(H_{16})_4$, $NaKH_{70}$, $Si_2H_7(H_{70})$, $Si_3H_9(H_{16})_3$, $Si_3H_{10}(H_{16})_3$, $Si_2H_6(H_{16})_5$, $(SiH_4)_4H_{16}$, $(SiH_4)_3(H_{16})_3$, $Na_2OSiH_2(H_{16})_4$, $Si_3H_8(H_{16})_4$, Na_2KH_{70} , $Si_3H_9(H_{16})_4$, Na_2HKH_{70} , $SO(H_{16})_6(H_{15})$, $SH_2(OH_{23})H_{16}H_{70}$, $SO(H_{16})_7$, $Mg_2H_2H_{23}H_{16}H_{70}$, $(SiH_4)_4(H_{16})_2$, $(SiH_4)_3(H_{16})_4$, $KH_3O(H_{16})_2H_{70}$, $KH_5O(H_{16})_2H_{70}$, $K(OH_{23})H_{16}H_{70}$, K_2OH_{70} , $NaKHO_2H_{70}$, $NaOHNaO_2H_{70}$, $HNO_3O_2H_{70}$, $Rb(H_{16})_5$, $Si_3H_{11}H_{70}$,

15 $KNO_2(H_{16})_5$, $(SiH_4)_4(H_{16})_3$, $KKH(H_{16})_7$, $(SiH_4)_4(H_{16})_4$, $(KH_2)_2(H_{16})_3H_{70}$, $(NiH_2)_2HCl(H_{16})_2H_{70}$, Si_5OH_{102} , $(SiH_3)_7(H_{16})_5$, $Na_3O_3(SiH_3)_{10}SiH(H_{16})_5$, X is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen.

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40. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M(H_x)_n$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 8 to 12, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

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41. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M(H_x)_n$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 8 to 12, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

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42. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M^+(H_x)_n^-$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 14 to 18, M is other element such as an alkali, organic, organometallic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n^-$ of the compound comprises at least one increased

35 binding energy hydrogen species.

43. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M^+(H_x)_n^-$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 14 to 18, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n^-$ of the compound
5 comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

44. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M(H_x)_n$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 14 to 18, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n$ of the
10 compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

45. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M(H_x)_n$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 14 to 18, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n$ of the compound
15 comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

46. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M(H_x)_n$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 22 to 26, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n$ of the
20 compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

47. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M(H_x)_n$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 22 to 26, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n$ of the compound
25 comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

48. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M(H_x)_n$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 58 to 62, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n$ of the
30 compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

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49. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M(H_x)_n$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 58 to 62, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

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50. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M(H_x)_n$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 68 to 72, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species

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51. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M(H_x)_n$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 68 to 72, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

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52. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M(H_x)_q(H_{x'})_r(H_y)_s(H_{y'})_t(H_z)_u$ wherein the monomers may be arranged in any order, q, r, s, t, and u are each an integer including zero but not all zero, x is an integer from 8 to 12, x' is an integer from 14 to 18, y is an integer from 22 to 26, y' is an integer from 58 to 62, z is an integer from 68 to 72, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_q(H_{x'})_r(H_y)_s(H_{y'})_t(H_z)_u$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

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53. A compound of claim 1 having a formula $M(H_x)_q(H_{x'})_r(H_y)_s(H_{y'})_t(H_z)_u$ wherein the monomers may be arranged in any order, q, r, s, t, and u are each an integer including zero but not all zero, x is an integer from 8 to 12, x' is an integer from 14 to 18, y is an integer from 22 to 26, y' is an integer from 58 to 62, z is an integer from 68 to 72, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_q(H_{x'})_r(H_y)_s(H_{y'})_t(H_z)_u$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

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54. A compound of claim 1 having a formula
 $[KHKOH]_p [KH_5KOH]_q [KHKHCO_3]_r [KHCO_3]_s [K_2CO_3]_t$, wherein the monomers may
 be arranged in any order, p, q, r, s, and t are each an integer including
 zero but not all zero, the compound contains at least one H, and the
 5 hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one increased
 binding energy hydrogen.

55. A compound of claim 1 having a formula

10 $[MH_m]_n [MM'H_m]_n [KH_mKCO_3]_n [KH_mKNO_3]_n^+ nX^- [KHKNO_3]_n$
 $[KHKOH]_n [MH_mM'X]_n [MH_mM'X]_n^{m'+} n'X^- [MH_mM'X]_n^{m'-} n'M'^+ [MH_m]_n^{m'+} n'X^-$
 $[MH_m]_n^{m'-} n'M^+ M^+ H_{16}^- [KHKOH]_p [KH_5KOH]_q [KHKHCO_3]_r [KHCO_3]_s [K_2CO_3]_t$, wherein
 the monomers may be arranged in any order, n, n', m, m', p, q, r, s, and t
 are each an integer including zero but not all zero, M, M', and M'' are each
 an alkali or alkaline earth, organic, organometalic, inorganic, or
 15 ammonium cation, X and X' are a singly or doubly negative charged anion,
 the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H of the
 compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen
 species.

20 56. A compound of claim 1 having a formula

$[MH_m]_n [MM'H_m]_n [KH_mKCO_3]_n [KH_mKNO_3]_n^+ nX^- [KHKNO_3]_n$
 $[KHKOH]_n [MH_mM'X]_n [MH_mM'X]_n^{m'+} n'X^- [MH_mM'X]_n^{m'-} n'M'^+ [MH_m]_n^{m'+} n'X^-$
 $[MH_m]_n^{m'-} n'M^+ M^+ H_{16}^- [KHKOH]_p [KH_5KOH]_q [KHKHCO_3]_r [KHCO_3]_s [K_2CO_3]_t$,
 $M'''(H_{10})_q (H_{16})_r (H_{24})_s (H_{60})_t (H_{70})_u$ wherein the monomers may be arranged in
 25 any order, n, n', m, m', p, q, r, s, t, q', r', s', t', and u are each an integer
 including zero but not all zero, M, M', and M'' are each an alkali or
 alkaline earth, organic, organometalic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, M'''
 is other element, X and X' are a singly or doubly negative charged anion,
 the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H of the
 30 compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen
 species.

57. A compound of claim 1 having a formula

$[MH_m]_n [MM'H_m]_n [KH_mKCO_3]_n [KH_mKNO_3]_n^+ nX^- [KHKNO_3]_n$

$[KHKOH]_n [MH_m M' X]_n [MH_m M' X]_n^{m'+} n' X^- [MH_m M' X]_n^{m'-} n' M'^+ [MH_m]_n^{m'+} n' X^-$
 $[MH_m]_n^{m'-} n' M'^+ M^+ H_{16}^- [KHKOH]_p [KH_5 KOH]_q [KH KHCO_3]_r [KHCO_3]_s [K_2 CO_3]_t$
 $M'' (H_{10})_q (H_{16})_r (H_{24})_s (H_{60})_t (H_{70})_u$ wherein the monomers may be arranged in
 any order, n, n', m, m', p, q, r, s, t, q', r', s', t', and u are each an integer
 5 including zero but not all zero, M, M', and M'' are each an alkali or
 alkaline earth, organic, organometallic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, M'''
 is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, X and X' are a singly
 or doubly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one H,
 and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one
 10 increased binding energy hydrogen species.

58. A compound of claim 1 having a formula

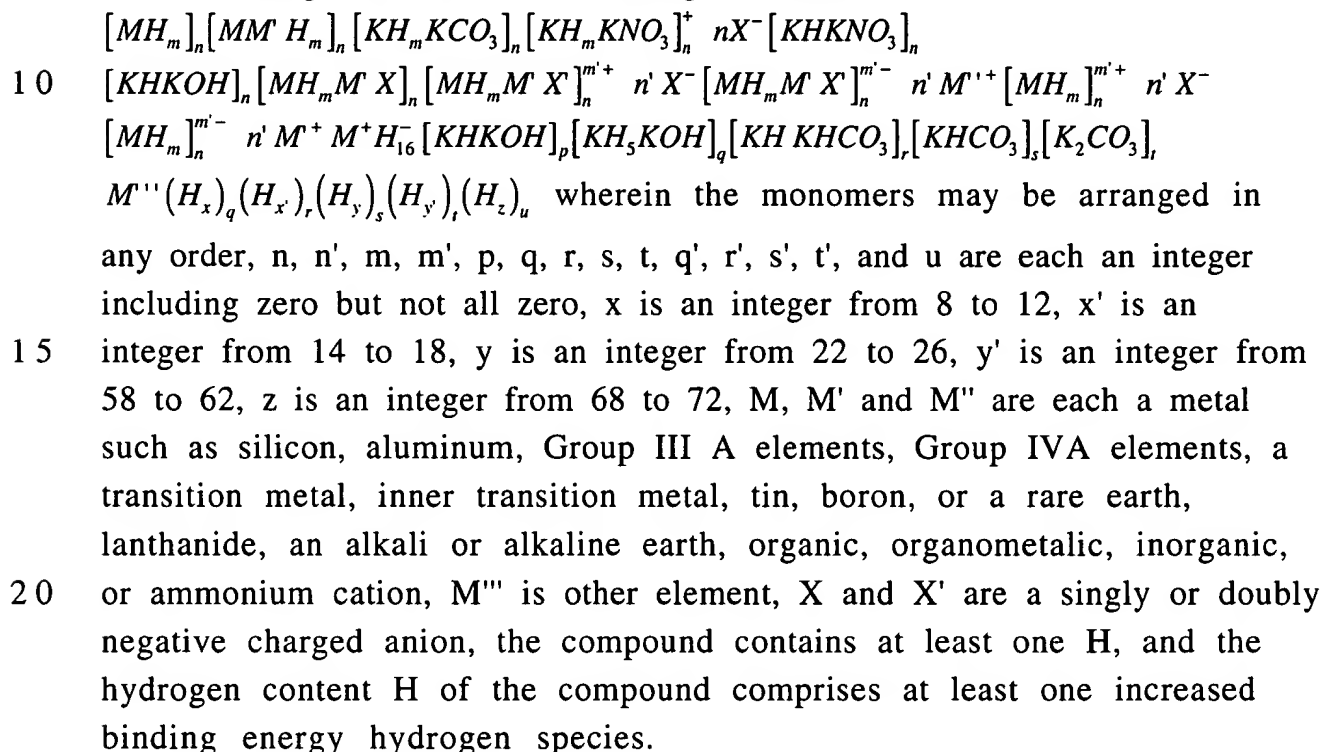
$[MH_m]_n [MM' H_m]_n [KH_m KCO_3]_n [KH_m KNO_3]_n^+ nX^- [KHKNO_3]_n$
 $[KHKOH]_n [MH_m M' X]_n [MH_m M' X]_n^{m'+} n' X^- [MH_m M' X]_n^{m'-} n' M'^+ [MH_m]_n^{m'+} n' X^-$
 15 $[MH_m]_n^{m'-} n' M'^+ M^+ H_{16}^- [KHKOH]_p [KH_5 KOH]_q [KH KHCO_3]_r [KHCO_3]_s [K_2 CO_3]_t$
 $M'' (H_x)_q (H_{x'})_r (H_y)_s (H_{y'})_t (H_z)_u$ wherein the monomers may be arranged in
 any order, n, n', m, m', p, q, r, s, t, q', r', s', t', and u are each an integer
 including zero but not all zero, x is an integer from 8 to 12, x' is an
 integer from 14 to 18, y is an integer from 22 to 26, y' is an integer from
 20 58 to 62, z is an integer from 68 to 72, M, M', and M'' are each an alkali or
 alkaline earth, organic, organometallic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, M'''
 is other element, X and X' are a singly or doubly negative charged anion,
 the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H of the
 compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen
 25 species.

59. A compound of claim 1 having a formula

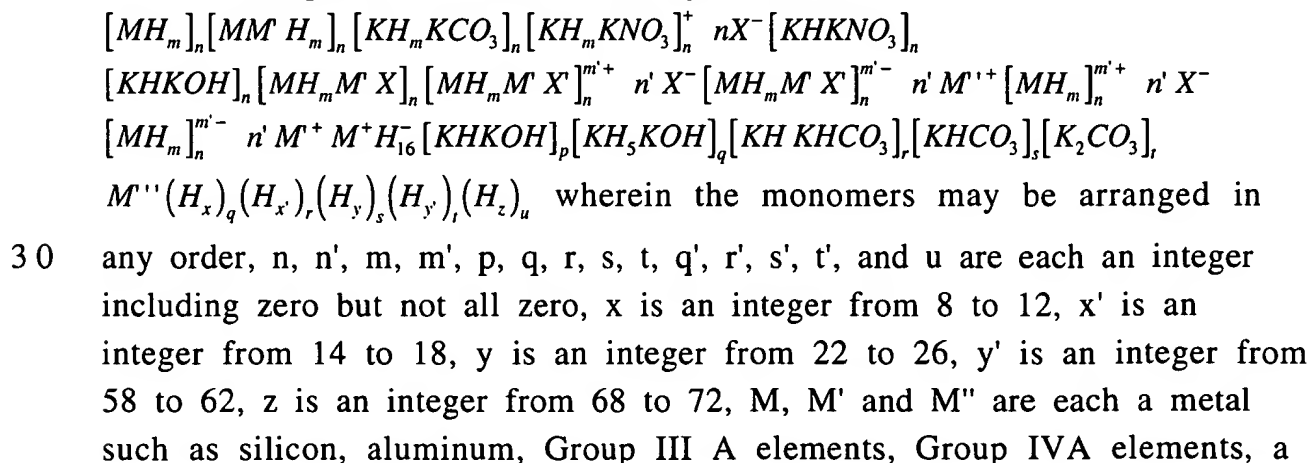
$[MH_m]_n [MM' H_m]_n [KH_m KCO_3]_n [KH_m KNO_3]_n^+ nX^- [KHKNO_3]_n$
 $[KHKOH]_n [MH_m M' X]_n [MH_m M' X]_n^{m'+} n' X^- [MH_m M' X]_n^{m'-} n' M'^+ [MH_m]_n^{m'+} n' X^-$
 30 $[MH_m]_n^{m'-} n' M'^+ M^+ H_{16}^- [KHKOH]_p [KH_5 KOH]_q [KH KHCO_3]_r [KHCO_3]_s [K_2 CO_3]_t$
 $M'' (H_x)_q (H_{x'})_r (H_y)_s (H_{y'})_t (H_z)_u$ wherein the monomers may be arranged in
 any order, n, n', m, m', p, q, r, s, t, q', r', s', t', and u are each an integer
 including zero but not all zero, x is an integer from 8 to 12, x' is an
 integer from 14 to 18, y is an integer from 22 to 26, y' is an integer from

58 to 62, z is an integer from 68 to 72, M, M', and M'' are each an alkali or alkaline earth, organic, organometallic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, M''' is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, X and X' are a singly or doubly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

60. A compound of claim 1 having a formula



61. A compound of claim 1 having a formula



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66. A compound of claim 21 wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ions, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.

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69. A compound of claim 56 wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ion, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.

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70. A compound of claim 57 wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ion, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.

10 71. A compound of claim 58 wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ions, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.

15 72. A compound of claim 59 wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ions, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.

20 73. A compound of claim 60 wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ions, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.

25 74. A compound of claim 61 wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ion, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.

75. A compound of claim 19 wherein said doubly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of carbonate ion, oxides, phosphates, hydrogen phosphates, and sulfate ion.

30 76. A compound of claim 20 wherein said doubly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of carbonate ion, oxides, phosphates, hydrogen phosphates, and sulfate ion

35 77. A compound of claim 22 wherein said doubly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of carbonate ion, oxides, phosphates, hydrogen phosphates, and sulfate ion

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78. A compound of claim 55 wherein said doubly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of carbonate ion, oxides, phosphates, hydrogen phosphates, and sulfate ion

79. A compound of claim 56 wherein said doubly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of carbonate ion, oxides, phosphates, hydrogen phosphates, and sulfate ion

80. A compound of claim 57 wherein said doubly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of carbonate ion, oxides, phosphates, hydrogen phosphates, and sulfate ion

81. A compound of claim 58 wherein said doubly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of carbonate ion, oxides, phosphates, hydrogen phosphates, and sulfate ion

82. A compound of claim 59 wherein said doubly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of carbonate ion, oxides, phosphates, hydrogen phosphates, and sulfate ion

83. A compound of claim 60 wherein said doubly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of carbonate ion, oxides, phosphates, hydrogen phosphates, and sulfate ion

84. A compound of claim 61 wherein said doubly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of carbonate ion, oxides, phosphates, hydrogen phosphates, and sulfate ion

85. A compound comprising

(a) at least one neutral, positive, or negative increased binding energy hydrogen species having a total energy

(i) greater than the total energy of the corresponding ordinary hydrogen species, or

(ii) greater than the total energy of any hydrogen species for which the corresponding ordinary hydrogen species is unstable or is not

(b) at least one other element.

reacting an increased binding energy hydrogen species with an isotopic mixture comprising a molar excess of a desired isotope with respect to the increased binding energy hydrogen species to form a compound enriched in the desired isotope;

separating the increased binding energy hydrogen species from the desired isotope to obtain the desired isotope.

reacting a mixture of isotopes with an increased binding energy hydrogen species, and

88. The method of claim 86 wherein the mixture of isotopes comprises elements and/or compounds containing the isotopes.

90. A method of separating isotopes according to any of claims 86 wherein the increased binding energy hydrogen species is an increased binding energy hydride ion.

91. A method of separating isotopes according to any of claims 87 wherein the increased binding energy hydrogen species is an increased binding energy hydride ion.

92. A method of separating isotopes according to any of claims 88 wherein the increased binding energy hydrogen species is an increased binding energy hydride ion.

5 93. A method of separating isotopes according to any of claims 89 wherein the increased binding energy hydrogen species is an increased binding energy hydride ion.

10 94. A method of separating isotopes according to claim 86, further comprising the steps of repeating said steps of reacting and separating until a desired level or enrichment is obtained.

15 95. A method of separating isotopes according to claim 87, wherein said increased binding energy hydrogen species is added in an amount less than the stoichiometric amount to fully react with said undesired isotope.

20 96. A method of separating isotopes according to claim 95, further comprising the steps of repeating said steps of reacting and removing until a desired level of enrichment is obtained.

25 97. A method of separating isotopes according to claim 87, wherein said increased binding energy hydrogen species is added in about the stoichiometric amount to fully react with said undesired isotope.

30 98. The compound of claim 1 that is a source of protons when thermally decomposed.

99. The compound of claim 1 that can be statically charged and comprises a component of a xerographic toner.

100. The compound of claim 1 that may be useful as a magnet or may comprise a magnetic computer memory storage material.

101. The hydrino atom of claim 1 that comprises an etching agent.

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Sub 30
Add A5 >
Add B1 >